



Consumer Education Project of Milk SA - 2016 unused funds

(PRJ-0182-2017)

SAMPRO: Consumer Education Project of Milk SA

Quarter 3 2017 (July 2017 till September 2017)

Project goals

Goal 1 - Production of a 10-minute audio visual for the Clinic wellness project to present the lesson plan to nutrition advisors and health promoters in an electronic format (R82 000)

Achievements

Audio visual for the wellness project

The additional budget has allowed for the project to develop an educational video for the Wellness Project (PRJ-0165).

An educational video is being produced for the Wellness project. The content of the video will capture the lesson plan for Nutrition advisors and Health Promoters and will also be suitable for higher grades school learners.

The script for the audio visual was completed and shared with the agency that will produce the DVD.

Final script was approved. Process in development.

Proposed date of completion: End November 2017.

No Non-achievements / underperformance has been reported

Goal 2 - Research: Investigation of the attitudes, knowledge and usage of dairy products by teenagers (R230 000)

Achievements

Consumer research to measure attitudes, knowledge and usage of dairy among teenagers

Budget: PRJ-0165:

The research to measure attitudes, knowledge and usage of dairy among teenagers, that was approved by the Management Committee of the CEP, was conducted June 2017.

The facilitators guide and questionnaire was developed and agreed upon by UNISA/BMR in conjunction with the Office Committee of the CEP, prior to the execution of the focus group discussions.

A mixed method research approach was applied to gather data

The target audience was:

Age groups: 10-12 yrs.; 13-17yrs and 18-23 yrs.

Typical middle-class teenagers and young adults from three major metropolitan and one peri-urban area in South Africa.

Participants were recruited by a professional recruiting agency and facilitated by the UNISA BMR (Bureau of Market Research). The project coordinator attended the focus group discussions in Gauteng, KZN and Western Cape.

Three research methods were applied:

Qualitative – focus group discussions: Three age groups, four regions (total 10 groups).

Quantitative – Self-Assessment Manikin: Three age groups, one region.

Biometric research techniques: Three age groups; one region.

Results from focus groups discussions are:

Dairy is mostly associated with milk.

No confusion that milk comes from cows.

The most popular and often used dairy products includes milk, cheese, yoghurt, and amazi (sour milk).

Other products such as butter and cream were less popular and not always spontaneously mentioned.

Amasi (sour milk) remains a favourite among lower income consumers. Sugar is often added to amasi to enhance the flavour.

Butter was confused with margarine. Respondents used brand names of margarine, which clearly indicated the confusion.

Although all participants drink milk, it is not often consumed as a stand-alone product and is usually combined with other products to enrich the taste, such a maize porridge.

Milk is primarily consumed because of its nutritional value and ability to give energy.

Parents mostly shared dairy related information with children from a very young age.

The full report can be viewed on: <http://www.rediscoverdairy.co.za/home2015/about-cep-2/members-section/presentations-clips-and-research/>

No Non-achievements / underperformance has been reported

Goal 3 - Health Professional Print: Completion of the educational on-line tool for health professionals (R81 479)

Achievements

The CEP is developing a menu item on the Dairy-gives-you-go (DGYG) website that will provide health conscious consumers the opportunity to find dairy related information in a user friendly format. If the visitor / consumer is interested in more detailed information, they will be directed to the 'rediscoverdairy' website.

The purpose is to provide additional information about dairy to consumers in a user-friendly manner. Consumers can search for any topic on dairy by using the Google search engine, and be taken to the website. And, to make information on the health and nutritional benefits of dairy and general information on dairy health and nutrition easy accessible at any time and place

The on-line tool was reviewed by the Technical Advisory Committee of the CEP. A small task-team was formed to develop the content for the on-line tool. The questions and answers document has been completed and a screening tool for dairy consumption i.e. calcium intake has been drafted. Liaison with the web-developers have been ongoing.

No Non-achievements / underperformance has been reported

Income and expenditure statement

Income and expenditure statement	AUG.CEP 2017.pdf
Unnecessary spending during period	No

Popular Report

[Business report 3rd quarter 2017, PRJ 0182.pdf](#)

Additional documentation

No file has been uploaded

Statement

Levy funds were applied only for the purposes stated in the contract	Yes
Levy funds were applied in an appropriate and accountable manner	Yes
Sufficient management and internal control systems were in place to adequately control the project and accurately account for the project expenditure	Yes
The information provided in the report is correct	Yes